PCORI Fee Deadline Just Around the Corner

• June 2022 •

The Affordable Care Act (ACA) requires health insurers and sponsors of self-funded group health plans (including health reimbursement arrangements, or HRAs) to pay a Patient-Centered Outcomes Research Institute (PCORI) fee. Originally, the law provided that the PCORI fee would not be assessed for plan years ending after September 30, 2019. However, legislation passed in December 2019 extended the PCORI fee for an additional 10 years, until 2029.

How Much is the PCORI Fee?

In IRS Notice 2021-04, the IRS announced that the PCORI fee is \$2.79 per covered life for plan years that ended on or after October 1, 2021 (including calendar year plans) and before October 1, 2022. For plan years that ended on or after October 1, 2020 and before October 1, 2021, the fee is \$2.66 per covered life.

PCORI fees are based on the average number of covered lives under the plan or policy. Covered lives generally include employees (and retirees) and their enrolled spouses and dependents. Individuals who are receiving COBRA or other continuation coverage must be included in calculating the PCORI fee.

IRS regulations provide three permissible methods for calculating the number of covered lives under the plan:

(1) Actual Count Method. Under the actual count method, the average number of covered lives for a plan year may be determined by adding the total of

Patient-Centered Outcomes Research Institute Fee

Under the ACA, all medical plans are responsible for paying the PCORI fee to the IRS based on the number of covered lives. If the plan is insured. the insurance carrier pays the fee on behalf of the policyholder. If the self-insured plan is(including level-funded and HRA plans), the employersponsor must file the Form 720 and pay the fee to the IRS directly.



Average Number of Covered Lives

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lives covered for each day of the plan year and dividing that total by the total number of days in the plan year.

- (2) Snapshot Method. Under the snapshot method, the total number of lives covered on a date in each quarter of the plan year (or an equal number of dates for each quarter, like the first day of each month) are added together, and then divided by the total number of dates on which a count was made.
- (3) Form 5500 Method. Under the Form 5500 method, the average number of covered lives may be determined based on a formula that takes into account the number of participants reported on the Form 5500 annual report for the plan.

Who is Responsible for Paying the PCORI Fee?

For fully-insured health plans, the insurer is responsible for reporting and paying the fee. For self-funded group health plans (which include health reimbursement arrangements --- HRAs), the employer/plan sponsor is responsible for reporting and paying the fee.

How and When are PCORI Fees Reported and Paid?

PCORI fees are reported on IRS Form 720 Quarterly Federal Excise Tax Return, which includes a section to report the PCORI fee. There is a payment voucher at the bottom of Form 720, which should be completed to show the amount of the payment. It is essential to check the "Second Quarter" box on the payment voucher when submitting the IRS Form 720 and PCORI fee payment to the IRS.

The Form 720 and PCORI fees are due annually by July 31 of the calendar year following the policy or plan year to which the fee applies. However, since July 31, 2022 falls on a Sunday, the due date moves to the next business day: August 1, 2022.

How are Corrections and Amendments Filed?

The final regulations do not specifically address whether plan sponsors may correct or amend a previously filed Form 720 if errors were made or a filing was missed. However, the regulations note that the penalties associated with the late filing of Form 720 or late payment of the fee may be waived or abated if the issuer or plan sponsor has reasonable cause and the failure was not due to willful neglect.



According to the FAQ page on the IRS website, "A plan sponsor or policy issuer should make corrections to a previously filed Form 720 by filing a Form 720X, Amended Quarterly Federal Excise Tax Return, including adjustments that result in an overpayment. Form 720X may be filed anytime within the applicable limitation period. Form 720X is available on IRS.gov." Line six of the Form 720X allows plan sponsors to draft an explanation of the adjustments included in the filing.

Are there Penalties for Failure to Report and Pay the Fee?

The final regulations do not include a specific penalty for failure to report or pay the PCORI fee. However, since this fee is considered an excise tax that is reportable on IRS Form 720, any related penalty for failure to file a return or pay a tax will apply. Generally, this penalty is equal to 5% of the total fee amount for each month the filing is late (capped at five months), and/or .5% of the total fee amount for each month the payment is late – plus interest.

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

IRS Form 720

IRS Form 720X

IRS PCORI FAQs Page